NEW YORK DARLY TRIBUNE, TURBUAY, OCTOBER 22, 1881

LAWYERS TRIPLING WITH THE GOVERNMENT | visit West.

THE BEEF CATTLE CONTRACTS.

THE DRILL OF THE POTOMAC ARMY

PREPARATIONS FOR AN ADVANCE

Washington, Monday, October 21, 1861. A MEDDLESOME LAWYER IN A TRAP.

A writ of habeas corpus was served yesterday by a city lawyer, on behalf of a prisoner, upon Provost-Marchal Porter. The President having instructed the Murshal of the District practically under martial law, the lawyer was to sceare cloths to be made up in this country. promptly acrested, and District-Judge Merrick, efore whom the writ was returnable, had been placed under the surveillance of the authorities, and his pay stopped. There is a band of lawyers in the city, organized for the purose of throwing impediments in the way of holding prisoners under errest.

THE SUPPLY OF BEEF CATTLE. The proposals for supplying beef cattle were in force returned and took them away. opened by Major Beckwith to-day. Ninetyeight bids were sent in, ranging from \$3 43 to \$6-13. The contract will be awarded to Regiment, while on picket a mile beyond Barrett's A subsequent dispatch, received late this after Benjamin S. Kunkel and John L. Metzler of Hill, on the Leesburg Tumpike, received a severe noon, says Gen. Evans has four field pieces, three Pennsylvania at \$3.49. The lowest bidder tion of the latter, he is supposed to be a Mr. Williams A prisoner who was taken mention of the latter, he is supposed to be a Mr. Williams A prisoner who was taken mention of the latter, he is supposed to be a Mr. Williams and the supposed to be a Mr. Will offers to supply 4,000 head only, whereas Govvernment requires that 16,000 be furnished at in a slave pen in that city, but released by the Govcontract price if necessary, the cattle to be ernment, and who is now acting as a scout. Orders Lecaburg to-day, and hold it. The dispatch was delivered at Chambersburg. York, or Harris- have been issued that in the event of his capture he dated Edward's Ferry. burg. Pa. A majority of the bids were from be hung forthwith. Pennsylvania and Illinois.

THE CHAPLAIN QUESTION.

The Adjutant-Gen. in ordering all Chaplains not " regularly ordained Ministers of a Christian denomination" to be mustered out of the service, and none others to be mustered in, followed the phraseology of acts of Congress, one relating to the volunteer, and the other to the regular service, passed at the last session. THE M'CORMICK REAPER.

The Commissioner of Patents has decided against McCormick's application for the extension of his reaper patent of 1847, on the following grounds:

Pired: That the invention is one of great utility and importance to the public. Second: That the sums already received by Me-Cormick, and the sums he is entit ed to recover from infringements, together, amount to an adequate remuneration, and, therefore, the patent should not be reported quiet.

APPOINTMENTS.

Charles Hopkins, of New-York, has been apin the Quartermaster-General's bureau. PERSONAL.

The Rev. Wm. H. Chaming has accepted the call of the Unitarian Church of Washington, and will be installed at the beginning of next month.

OUR INTERESTS IN PORTUGAL.

Government has given the United States great our men were injured. privileges in the importation of grain. DRILL OF THE POTOMAC ARMY FOR AN

ADVANCE.

A General Order has been issued requiring from the Mississippi River, in June last, a Court of A cautious commander, like Gen. McClellan, would the soldiers of the Army of the Potomac to be Inquiry upon the case has been ordered to convene in not venture upon the steady advances which continue exercised in heavy marching order an hour this city on Wednesday. The Court consists of to be made, without a pretty thorough confidence in every day. THE NAVIGATION OF THE POTOMAC.

Thirty-five vessels passed down the Potomac at daybreak this morning. Thirty odd shots were fired at those in advance, none taking effect, when the firing ceased. A large number will attempt to run up to night.

WHAT INDIANA HAS DONE.

and one at Hatteras Julet. Several regiments more have been ordered to Kentucky, and several more are at home fully organize. Tout seven regiments organized and nearly organized, and will, it is believed, soon have at least sixty regiments in the field.

Washington, Monday, Oct. 21, 1881. THE POSTAGE-STAMP CONTRACT.

The price paid the former contractor for farnishing postage stamps was 18 cents per thousand. The price paid the present centractors is 14 cents, saving nearly

there was no discontinuance of postal service in any (where he arrived last Sunday week, and where it past of the country, the number of postage stamps bested was 216,000,000, which, at 18 cents per thousaid, the price actually paid under the former contact amountal to.

Wise at 4 cours per thursand, the process prices only prices they would have seas the begantings. 50,250

To the Associated Press.

or nearly 25 per cent difference. Thus far there have been issued under the new contract 55,000,000 stamps; as many more will be required to furnish the Post-Offices in the country and to meet the demand for the exchange of the old

The estimated issue of new stamps, at the expirarion of one year from the commencement is 200,000,000

Makinga saving to the Department under the present contract as compared with the former one of \$17,000

Ordinarily, when there is no exchange of stamps, about 200,000,000 stappes per year are required for the use of the whole commry, which, at the present DEPARTURE OF THE ELLSWORTH REGIunder the old contract, which in the six years of the new contract would result in a saving of \$48,000.

THE NAVIGATION OF THE POTOMAC. eight, and the Robert Leslie started thither to-day safely passed the Robel batteries. A large number the finest body of troops which have left this city expense, by reducing at the same time the bread of shots were fired at them, but none struck.

being of less magnitude. A large surplus from the teenth street.

RETURN OF SECRETARY CAMERON. Secretary Cameron returned this morning from his

THE GOOD CONDITION OF OUR TROOPS.

The good disciplinary order of our troops in their ent movements affords a subject for military en- OUR TROOPS REPULSED.

STEAM-RAMS FOR HARBOR DEPENSE Mr. Ellet, a prominent military engineer of this isy, has proposed to the Government a plan for con- DEATH OF COL. BAKER. structing a number of steam-rame, with iron beaks. for the protection of the large seaports in the event

of a foreign war. It is believed that the Government regards the proposition with favor. THE PATRONAGE OF FOREIGN MANUFACTURERS. mand has been received at headquarters here: The matement of The Boston Journal of the 18th that letters of credit for £12,000,000, or nearly \$60,000,000, have been sent to Europe by Govern ment agents to purchase army woolens is exag-

versited. On careful investigation, it is found that the sum of \$400,000 was sent, and \$400,000 more is not to serve such writs, the District being to be sent in 30 days, in all less than \$1,000,000. THE REBELS' RETREAT.

New-York Regiment, belonging to Gen. Keyes's Edwards's Ferry toward Leesburg, with 30 cavalry. Brigade advanced to within a mile of Fairfax Court. They came on the 14th Mississippi Regiment, re-House, they ascertained from the inhabitants of that ceived their fire at 30 yards, and returned it with neighborhood that when the Rebels retreated the condition of the roads was such that they were com- in one prisoner. We have possession of the Virginia by the United States steamship Powhatan. Letters pelled to leave six pieces of artillery behind them, which remained there until Sunday, when the Rebels Additional accounts say

A RELEASED REBEL SCOUTING On Saturday night a private in the 4th Michigan engaged with some 4,000 of the enemy.

THE ROAD BEYOND FALLS CHURCH. A Government construction train advanced out or the Loudon and Hampshire Railroad to-day a mile the other at Harrison's Islands. and a half beyond Falls Church, finding the road

that far in a good condition. APPEARANCE OF REBEL CAVALRY. Major Johnson of the 17th New-York Regiment, that rebel cavairy made its appearance to-day within Col. Baker.

a mile of his outposts. A detashment was sent out to effect their capture. but they succeeded in making their escape.

the road leading from Lewinsville to within a short distance of Vienna, on a foraging expedition. The ceeded in person toward the right to take co

PARTY.

The remainder of the reconnoitering party of pointed to a first class \$1,200 per annum Gen. McCall, which advanced to Drainesville Satur- enforcements will be sent forward to Gen. St cierkahip in the Pension Bureau. C. H. Morse day, returned this morning, the object of the expediduring the night. has been promoted to a second class clerkship tion having been accomplished, and valuable infor-Drainesville, Sunday, the engineers, under an es- Wednesday. cort, proceeded to the right as far as the Potomae, three miles dietant, and on the left as far as the London and Hampshire Railroad.

The Robel pickets were encountered by the escort From Our Special Correspondent of the Engineers. A charp firing ensued, the result of which was the killing of five Rebels, one of whom Minister Harvey writes that the Portuguese belonged to the Louisians Tiger Regiment. None of the river and there seems to be an unusual share of the General nor Flag Officer will allow any commu-

THE ESCAPE OF THE SUMTER. Commander C. H. Poor having asked an inquiry into his conduct, while in command of the Brooklyn, in respect to the escape of the Rebel steamer Sumter A General Order has been issued requiring from the Mississippi River, in June last, a Court of vocate, George M. Meston.

FORAGE USED IN WASHINGTON. The amount of forage issued by the Government faily for use in Washington and vicinity is of hav 15 tans; of grain 180 tuns.

THE LOSS BY THE PAIRPAX. of the schooner Fairfax on Saturday morning be-Indiana has not only been the first State to longed to Mrs. Elizabeth Evans of Williamsburgh,

AFFAIRS IN MISSOURI.

Hepson, Mo., Monday, Oct. 21, 1861.

A messenger reports that a scouting party from not yet supplied with arms. She has fifty- Cameron County, numbering 100, have been taken prisoners by some 600 Rebela at McCahell, Caldwell
County. Four hundred of the Federal troops at Cameron were ready to march to their rescue when the training left. the train left.

Another party of from 400 to 500 rebels were in Carroll County, and had captured 17 of Col. Morgan's

men. Col. Morgan bad started in pursuit.
Stracuss, Mo., Monday, Oct. 21, 1981.
Major Scott, of Gen. Sigel's staff, from Warsaw yesterday, says that definite and satisfactory information had been received at Gen. Sigel's camp, that During the fiscal year anding June 30, 1800, while Gen. Price had broken up his camp in Cedar County was said he would stand and give battle,) and continued his refrest toward the Arkansas line.

Sr. Louis, Oct. 20, 1861. 5 23,250 In the skirmish near Lebanon, on the 13th inst.,
50,250 between two companies of Major Wright's cavalry ws.640 and about 400 rebels, previously reported, the latter lost 62 killed, 12 wounded (four mortally), and 36 taken prisoners. The loss of Major Wright was one.

Sr. Louis, Monday, Oct. 21, 1861. Union scouts report the total number of armed Rebels in the South-East at 6,000. A man direct from Gen. Price's army save that

Claib. Jackson's Rebel Legislature is in session at Stockton, the county sent of Cedar County, which place McCulloch was approaching with from 6,000 to 19,000 re-enforcements for Price. The statement of THE TREBUNE that Capt. Prince,

founded in fact.

Reliance went down to join the flotilla last a perfect evation at the departure of this regiment, preventive against this temptation would be secure

ore the other two are finished, the work upon it at 10 o'clock, and will disembark at the foot of Four- to make many sacrifices for the sake of this indul-

THE WAR FOR THE UNION. sum appropriated by Congress for the purpose re- BATTLE NEAR LEESBURG.

ENGAGEMENT WITH A SUPERIOR FORCE.

The following telegram from Gen. Stone's com-

"EDWARD'S FERRY, Oct. 21, 1861. "This morning at I o'clock five companies of the 15th Massachusette crossed the river at Harrison's command of their Colonet, proceeded quietly this Island. At daybreak they had proceeded to within a mile and a half of Leesburg without meeting the and in a short time demolished everything. They enemy. They still hold on, supported by the re- then proceeded to several private houses and served mainder of the regiment and part of the 20th.

morning by Major Mix of the Van Alen Cavalry, On Saturday, when two companies of the 23d Capt. Stewart, Assistant Adjutant-General, from their pistols, when they fell back in order, bringing

Stone had held his own satisfactorily there, though of the report. his comparatively small force upon the island are

A prisoner who was taken mentions that he

4,000 Rebel troops and expects re-enforcements. Gen. Stone at that time believed he could occupy

PARTICULARS OF THE ENGAGEMENT. Gen. Stone crossed the Potomae this morning with one portion of his command at Edward's Ferry and

Skirmishing began between the enemy in uncertain numbers and part of Gen. Stone's command as early as 9 o'clock in the morning, and continued without much effect until about 5 o'clock in the af- has not fallen back as reported. who commands the pickets of the regiment on the ternoon, when large reenforcements of the enemy Leesburg turnpike, beyond Falls Church, reports appeared upon our right, which was commanded by

The Union forces engaged were about 1,800, and were attacked by a force supposed to be 5,000 to 10,000. At this juncture Col. Baker fell at lie head FORAGING. of his brigade while gallantly cheering on his mer Capt. O. Mumdee, Adjutant-General for Gen. to the conflict. Immediately before he fell he disof his brigade while gallantly cheering on his men Smith's Division, with a small escort, advanced on patched Maj. Young to Gen. Stone to apprize him of the condition of affairs, and Gen. Stone immediately proresult was the bringing off about 60 loads of hay and but in the confusion created by the fall of Col. Baker 250 bushels of oats. Everything in that section is the right wing sustained a repulse, with considerable

RETURN OF GEN. MCCALL'S RECONNOTTERING Gen. Stone reports that the left wing retired is good order. He will hold possession of Harrison Island and the approaches thereto. Strong re-

The remains of Col. Baker were removed t mation obtained. While the main body remained at Poolesville, and will be brought to this city of

SITUATION OF THE ARMY.

WARRINGTON, Oct. 27 1161. Whatever disagreeable news may reach as from it this morning-we have fortunately nothing but nication with the Rebels for a number of days at what is cheering to report from our land force about least. Washington. The army is strengthening every day, not only in numbers, but, what is now more important, in sound discipline and vigorous development. Captains Shubrick, Stribling, and Sands; Judge-Ad- the character of his troops. These advances, it is now well understood, are not without a bold purpose; and we may believe that only sufficiently long to allow other plans to mature, bearing upon the successful movements of this army, will the decisive blow be withheld.

By various reconnoissances within the past few The household furniture, etc., lost by the capture days, we have been able to discover in what position Indiana has not only been the first State to supply her quota of troops, but her troops are stationed at more points than those of any other. She has eleven regiments in Kentucky, six in Western Virginia, seven in Missouri, three in Maryland, two at Washington City.

Indiana has not only been the first State to longed to Mrs. Elizabeth Evans of Williamsburgh, as a fort of occupation, and main-flowed at more points than those of any other. She has eleven regiments in Kentucky, six in Western Virginia, seven in Missouri, three in Maryland, two at Washington City.

In is stated that Thompson Brothers, bankers of stationed at more points than those of any other. There are 38 of these monstrous batteries to be service for more than forty years, and be standed any idea of reistance at these points. They have given up the Loudon and Hampshire Railroad. Fairly statement of Port Warren of the Department removing Col. Justin Dimick of the 2d surrounds them, and which protects those who serve the doned Leesburg, as a fort of occupation, and main-main gonly a small force in villages to the south and east of that town—so small as to preclude any idea of reistance at these points. They have given up the Loudon and Hampshire Railroad. Fairly statement of Artillery, from that post to take command of Fort Warren of the Department of Beginner of Fort Warren of the Department of For sity for keeping it secure having ceased with the abandonment of Leesburg. Fairfux Station is occupied only by their pickets, and the various positions further south, along this side of Occoquan River. which they formerly held in great force, have been

commandant at Fort Leavenworth, refuses to recog- the prospect of an early movement. Although nize Gen. Fremont as his superior officer, is un- advancing slowly every day, the work seems too MENT.

ALBERT, Monday, Oct. 21, 1881.

The Ellsworth Regiment, numbering 1,060 muskets, left this afternoon for Washington. There was of evil. It has been seriously urged of late that a whose members have won hosts of friends here dur- by supplying the soldiers with a small daily ration of Mr. Some 40 vessuls went down yesteriay, and ing their sojourn at this depot. They are decidedly liquor. It could be furnished without additional since the war commenced. Prior to their departure a handsome regimental banner was presented to the man in the army consumes his full ration of bread THE PLOATING BATTERY. a handsome regimental banner was presented to the man in the army consumes his full ration of break formation received here, it is believed that regiment by the wife of the Hon. Erastus Corning. The Confederate army is said to have regular which. the armed steamship or floating battery, now building after the Ericeson plan, will be completed long

The Ellsworth Regiment will arrive in New-York

examined closely, that the rebel troops seem willing

KANSAS WAR ITEMS.

LEAVESWORTH, Monday, Oct. 21, 186 The Conservative newspaper of this city has advices that the town of Humboldt, Kansas, has been totally burned by the Secessionists from the Indian untry. It is thought probable that the records of the U. S. Land Office were destroyed.

Two hundred wagons and a thousand yoke of oxen have been sent to Gen. Fremont's command within the past week from this place.

The steamer Florence arrived here this morning, from St. Louis, having come through unmolested by the Rebels.

There is four feet of water in the river-

DESTRUCTION OF A PRINTING-OFFICE AND PRIVATE DWELLINGS.

Two or three companies of the 43d Indiana Regiment, stationed at Camp Vigo in this city, under them in the same manner. The citizens are organiz-"A gallant reconpoissance was made early this ing to proceed to take the camp. There is great excitement.

DEPORTED CAPTURE OF THE SUMTER-

Boston, Monday, Oct. 21, 1861.
The Bangor Times publishes an extract from a letter dated Barbadoes, Sept. 27, stating that the privateer Sumter had been captured to the leeward from well-informed parties in Barbadoes, however, Additional accounts say up to 3 o'clock to-day Gen. of Sept. 28, received in this city, make no mention

INTERESTING FROM KENTUCKY.

LOUISVILLE, Monday, Oct. 21, 1861.

The report of the occupation of Greensburg by the

FROM FORTRESS MONROE. Vis Baltinone, Monday, Oct. 21, 1861, { Vis Baltinone, Monday, Oct. 21, { Some twenty prisoners, who have been waiting

here for several days to go to Norfolk by a flag o truce, will return to Baltimore to-night. Neither

The released Robel prisoners from Fort Lafayette arrived here this morning, and were sent temporarily to the storeship.

Col. Dimmick, who has been Post Commandant at Old Point for nearly two years, left last night for Fort Warren, Boston Harbor. The garrison paraded on the occasion, and the turnout was highly flattering to the beloved Colonel.

Major Jones, of Gen. Wool's Staff, has been ap-

pointed Provest Marshal at Old Point.

From the Baltimere American, Oct. 21.

The steamer Adelhide, Capt. Cannon, reached here on Saturday shortly after 7 o'clock, and brings very on Saturday shortly after 7 o'clock, and brings very little intelligence of interest from Hampton Roads. Some surprise was manifested at Fortress Monroe in consequence of an order received from the War Department removing Col. Justin Dimick of the 2d

the altar of our country our influence, our property and our lives, therefore

Resolved, That we pledge to the Government our undivided support and confidence, and will use all lawful means and efforts in our power to sid it in maintaining its enthority and in pating down this rabellion, in its very nature so interly causeless and unjust.

That we commend the President of the United States, his constitutions advisers, the American Congress, the Command er in-Chief, and soldiers of the Army and Navy to the God of our Fathers, humbly praying that he will inpart to them wisdom and unity in counsels and indelity and courage in actionation that the cause entrusted to their hands may be brought to a speedy and suncessful issue.

That while we do not feel called on to add anything to the repeated testimonies of our Church on the subject of Slavery, nor to offer any advice to the Government on the subject, still, folly believing that it lies at the foundation of all our propent national troubles, we recommend to all our people to pray more estreasily than ever for its removal, and that the time may speedily come when God by his providence shall, in his own good time and way, bring it to an ond, that nothing may be left of it but the painful record of its past existence.

That we recommend to all our people to humble themselves and take a low place before God, in view of all our social and political sins, as d that each oue remember and lament his own personal complicity with them all.

Gov. Pennington made an eloquent speech on their behalf, saying in the course of it that when the sub-

offer until the rebels haid down their arms.

GEN, McCLELLAN'S WAR HORSE.

A writer in Porter's Spirit thus describes the torse which some gentlemen in Cincinnati bought in St. Louis and presented to Gen. McClellan, when he took charge of the army in Western Virginia;

INTERESTING PROM KENTICEXT.

Lower virte. Meads, Oct. 21, 1815.

The report of the occupation of Greenshurg by the Releis in premature. A small number went there, and took 29 miles which had been placed as controlled in care of Gen. Ward. It is reported that Gen. Ward feel back It miles from Greensburg to Campbelleville. He dispatched 150 cavalry to reconnoise, intending that they should return y esterday.

They had not returned when our informant left. Gen. Ward has about 3,000 troops.

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The advance guard of the Rebels at Little Barren, on the south side of Green River is estimated at 3,000. The river is very high and impassible by fording for several days.

A private dispatch to The Journal says Garrard has not fallen back as reported.

APPENDENCE RIVER.

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The steamer J. D. Perry, which arrived here to high, with 50 wages and 150 miles, from St. Louis, was attacked by rebels at Porliand, and narrowly scaped being captured. Her captain thins that there must have been 100 rebels at that place.

RECONNOISSANCE ON THE TENNESSEE RIVER.

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The sun-boat Concestogs made a reconnoisemen up the Tennessee line. She returned been the Seebs even the Concessor, and a reconsistance up the Tennessee line. She returned been the Seebs even the Concessor, and a reconsistance up the Seeds of the Concessor, and a reconsistance up the Seeds of the Concessor, and a reconsistance up the Tennessee line. She returned been this evening the seed of the Seeds when four department of the Seeds of the Se

THE MISSISSIPPI FLOTILLA.

THE MISSISSIPPI FLOTHLIA.

We yesterday gave a description of the gunboats building at St. Louis, furnished us by Mr. Comegys. To-day we give a few items in relation to the flotilla in process of construction there, which we derive from the same source.

Government is building a fleet of what may well be called flouting batteries. They are of solid timber twelve inches square, and lying in three tiers of this timber deep. This is strongly boiled together, and forms the hull of the vessel.

Wells are cut through the two upper tiers, about four and a half feet square, and lined with zinc to keep out the water. These wells serve for magazines or places for keeping the ammunition. There

which they formerly held in great free, now become an iner suits, and although the second of the control of the second of the se

Whereas. The people of these United States, after the achievement of their Independence, established a Government based or Constitutional liberty, giving to all just and equal rights, and, Whereas, a portion of the people of the United States have taken up arms against the lawful Government, seized upon the property, and are endeavoring to overthrow the Government is which are centered our dearest hopes and interests pertaining to civil liberty and the advancement of civilization throughout the world; and, Whereas, the Fresby. Serian Church, in these United States has ever above berself, as the freedom, the defense of which drove our fathers from the Did World, and for the security of which, in the land they

he new French minister.
Slidell has for more than thirty years been the in-imate friend of James Buchanan. They had fow Sincell has for more to at thirty years been the in-timate friend of James Buchkman. They had fow secrets that were not secrete in common. Both of them crafty to a degree, and hearly of the same ago Slidell was the most determined, and, therefore the ruling spirit. Fully appreciating the canning and heartle-sness of Buchman, he knew, also, that he was a timid man, who could be controlled by a strong metellect, and hence he rendered him considerable aid was a timid man, who could be controlled as alrong the president of the United States, his constitutional advisors, the American Georgess, the Commander 1s-Chert, and solidiers of the Army and Navy to the God or Fathers, humbly praying that he will impart to them wisdom and unity in counsels and helity and courage in action that the cause entrusted to their hands may be brought to a speedy and successful issue.

That while we do not feel called on to add anything to the repeated testimonies of our Church on the subject of Slavery, nor to ofter any advice to the Government on the subject of Slavery, nor to ofter any advice to the Government on the subject of Slavery, nor to ofter any advice to the Government on the subject of Slavery, nor to ofter any advice to the Government on the subject of Slavery, nor to ofter any advice to the Government on the subject of Slavery, nor to ofter any advice to the Government on the subject of Slavery, nor to ofter any advice to the Government on the subject of Slavery, nor to ofter any advice to the Government on the subject of Slavery, nor to ofter any advice to the Government on the subject, still, folly believing that it likes at the foundation of all our proval to the war upon Donglas, and connected the measures which ended in the destruction of the Democratic own providence shall, in his own good time and way, bring it to an ond, that nothing may be left of it but the painful record of its past existence.

That we recommend to all our people to humble them selves and take a low place before God, in view of all our social and political sins, at that each one remember and in the last hours of his administration, when he refused to obey the commands of his evil genius, Slidell turned upon him with contempt, and left him with every expression of detestation and scorn. Himmune the last hours of his administration and scorn. Himmune the last hours of his evil genius, Slidell turned upon him with contempt, and left him with every expression of detestation and scorn. Himmune the

trived not to disagree is part of the secret of the oli-garchy that remains to be disclosed.

It is eminently probable that the purpose attrib-nted to Slidell and Mason—that of invoking the pro-tection of the European Governments, in other words of placing themselves under the patronage of France and England—will prove to be correct.

Nothing these is required to grown the column of the Nothing else is required to crown the column of the infamy of this rebellion and its leaders.

SOCKS FOR THE SOLDIERS.

To the Editor of The N. Y. Tribune. Sin: There are many hearts that respond to the call among others) for knit woolen seeks for our soldiers, but the hands that are most likely to do the knitting are not the mos

ble to supply the yarn. Will not the Government furnish mency, to be given as asked for, to responsible ladies, to be returned in home?

A LADY OF BROOKLYN.

Who will knit on these terms !

Brooklyn, Oct. 21, 1961. REPORTED DEFEAT OF CAPT. HILL'S CAVALEY .four and a half feet square, and lined with zinc to keep out the water. These wells serve for magazines or places for keeping the ammunition. There are four of these in each float. This solid platform is 60x25 feet, being longer in the middle than at the code, each end being "sharpened." The whole is covered with thick plank.

Entirely around the outside of the float is a parapet or bulwark of iron three-eighths of an inch in the kness and 61 feet in hight. This is inclined the contract of the incomplete of the standard of the contract Entirely around the outside of the float is a parapet or bulwark of iron three-eighths of an inch in
the kness and 6½ feet in hight. This is inclined
inward so as to give a glancing direction to any shot
that may strike it.

The armament of these floats is to consist of six
64-pound mortars, three upon a side, and so arranged
as to deliver their charges over the iron parapet that
as to deliver their charges over the iron parapet that
surrounds them, and which protects those who serve

Eloyd's army. [Wheeling Intelligencer, Oct. 18.

CONFEDERATE TREATMENT OF PRISONERS .-

service for more than forty years, and of a vast in the estimation of his brother officers, and of a vast circle of friends. His removal to the command of a post is an evidence of the confidence which the Department reposes in his military abilities and patriotism.

On Friday the Federal fleet at Hampton Roads was increased by the arrival from New-York of three large steamers, one of which was the Baltic, which were pretty well laden with naval stores for the expedition.

The trip of the Adeluide up the bay was very pleasant, until about 4 o'clock in the morning, when a dense fog arose, and it was impossible to see fifty yards ahead. She then came along very slowly, in order to avoid the steamers outward bound, all of which were compelled to keep their steam whistles blooming. The editor of The Wheeling News, writing from